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## President's Science Adviser Says He Is Resigning

## By MICHAEL R. GORDON solal to The New York The

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29 - George A. Keyworth 2d, President Reagan's science adviser, said today that he was resigning and would leave the Administration at the end of the year to set up a private consulting concern.

Dr. Keyworth, one of the most ardent supporters of the Administration's proposal for a space-based antimissile de-fense, said he gave his resignation to Donald T. Regan, the White House chief of staff, on Wednesday. He said he would run the new concern with Her-hert Masses Antimie spatemen of the bert Meyer, deputy chairman of the National Intelligence Council, who is a former aide to William J. Casey, the Director of Central Intelligence. Mr. Meyer has also disclosed his intention resign by the end of the year. Dr. Keyworth, whose 48th birthday is

Saturday, was appointed in 1961, when he was heading the physics division at the Lee Alames National Laboratory.

A graduate of Yale, he received his

ty. He is considered a protégé of Edward Teller, the leading figure in the

invention of the hydrogen bomb.

Dr. Keyworth, after some initial skepticism about the promise of Mr. Reagan's proposal for a space-based defense system, became one of the Administration's most ardent proselytizers for the proposal.

Dr. Keyworth has been outspoken on other issues and stirred controvery last ear when he said that many journalists were drawn from the far left of American society and were trying to 'tear down'' America.

Dr. Keyworth is credited by many scientists with bringing about in-creased budgets for basic scientific research. He said he has been "deeply emersed" in the issue of industrial competitiveness as science adviser.

Dr. Keyworth's strongest White House ally has been Edwin Messe 3d, who is now Attorney General. Dr. Keyworth said that his new concern would advise other companies on how they doctorate in physics at Duke Universi- should be organized to evaluate and act on world economic and political trends He said that most of his clients would probably be "nondefense" concerns.

Mr. Meyer, 39, worked as an editor at Fortune magazine before going to the Central Intelligence Assocy. The National Intelligence Council compiles classified information for the Govern-

The post of White House science adviser was established after the Soviet Union launched the first artificial satellite in 1987. President Nixon abolished the position, but President Carter re-established it.